

# Just Go with the Flow: The Routine Application of GC ×GC-TOF MS to Real-World Analyses

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A company of the SCHAUENBURG International Group

# Advantages of GC × GC

- Increased separation capacity
  - Separation using 2 different stationary phases
  - Improved confidence in compound ID
- Structured chromatograms
  - Similar compounds elute together in bands ("roof-tiling" effect)
- Enhanced sensitivity
  - Narrow chromatography = improved S/N

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m/z 106	C2-alkylbenzene	and a constant and the second se
m/z 120	C3-alkylbenzene	a set a s
m/z 134	C4-alkylbenzene	and a second second Second second
m/z 148	C5-alkylbenzene	این بین می این این این این این این این این این ای
m/z 162	C6-alkylbenzene	
m/z 176	C7-alkylbenzene	an a
m/z 190	C8-alkylbenzene	
m/z 204	C9-alkylbenzene	1997 - 1

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#### **Analytical system**



#### Choose the modulator to suit your application



Valve-based, using differential flows



#### Both devices have advantages...

#### Flow modulation...

- Has lower running (& capital) costs
- Excellent repeatability
- Enables efficient modulation of volatiles
- Easy implementation of simultaneous detection
- Fewer commercialised designs
- Can also be configured for heart-cutting and back-flushing

#### Thermal modulation...

- Has higher running costs
- Small changes in loop position impact repeatability
- Restricted volatility range
- Difficult to implement dual detection
- Wide user base
- Has a high peak capacity and enhanced signal-to-noise due to narrower peak widths.

# What is flow modulation?

1st generation "forward fill/flush" devices



Valve design, using differential flows to 'fill' and 'flush' a sample loop

No need for expensive liquid cryogen

Modulation period = fill time + flush time

# What is flow modulation?

1st generation "forward fill/flush" devices



# What is flow modulation?

#### 1st generation "forward fill/flush" devices



#### 'Flush' mode

Analytes injected in same direction they entered the channel

(i.e. forward direction)

#### Issues with this Forward Fill/Flush device

- Must be precisely timed
  - Overfilling loop = chromatographic tailing/streaking
  - Tailing = loss in peak capacity
- Fixed sample loop
  - Limits applicable column combinations



# Reverse fill/flush devices

'Fill' mode



# Reverse fill/flush devices

#### 'Flush' mode



#### Benefits of Reverse Fill/Flush devices



- Higher efficiency for reinjection
- Improved 2D peak widths and symmetry
- Better handling of overloading
- Flexible sample loop volume



#### Repeatability

- Replicate injections of diesel (*n*=8/day)
- This level of time precision is due to a dedicated EPC for each column
- Ideal for comparisons within large sample batches



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#### Repeatability

- Replicate injections of diesel (*n*=8/day)
- Flow modulation is well-suited to comparisons within large sample batches.



Efficient modulation of volatiles



# Efficient modulation of volatiles

 $C_2$ - $C_7$  in gasoline



#### Easy implementation of parallel detection



Injector

- 2D column effluent split to two transfer lines
- Goal = equivalent hold up time

# Parallel detection FID/TOF MS

- Analysis of diesel by dual detection GC × GC-FID/TOF MS
- Excellent <sup>1</sup>t<sub>R</sub>/<sup>2</sup>t<sub>R</sub> correspondence
- Robust quant by FID
- Cross-validation and confirmation of peak purity by TOF MS





# Parallel detection of fragrance allergens

#### 3 information-rich datasets with Tandem Ionisation



# Summary

- GCxGC provides confident separation, detection and identification of complex samples
- Flow modulation (using reverse fill/flush dynamics) provides:
  - Improved peak shape and peak capacity
  - Efficient modulation of volatiles
  - Excellent repeatability for large sample batches
    - Both within batches and between instruments
  - Simple configuration of parallel detection (as well as heart-cutting or backflushing)
  - None of the hassle or expense associated with liquid cryogen



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